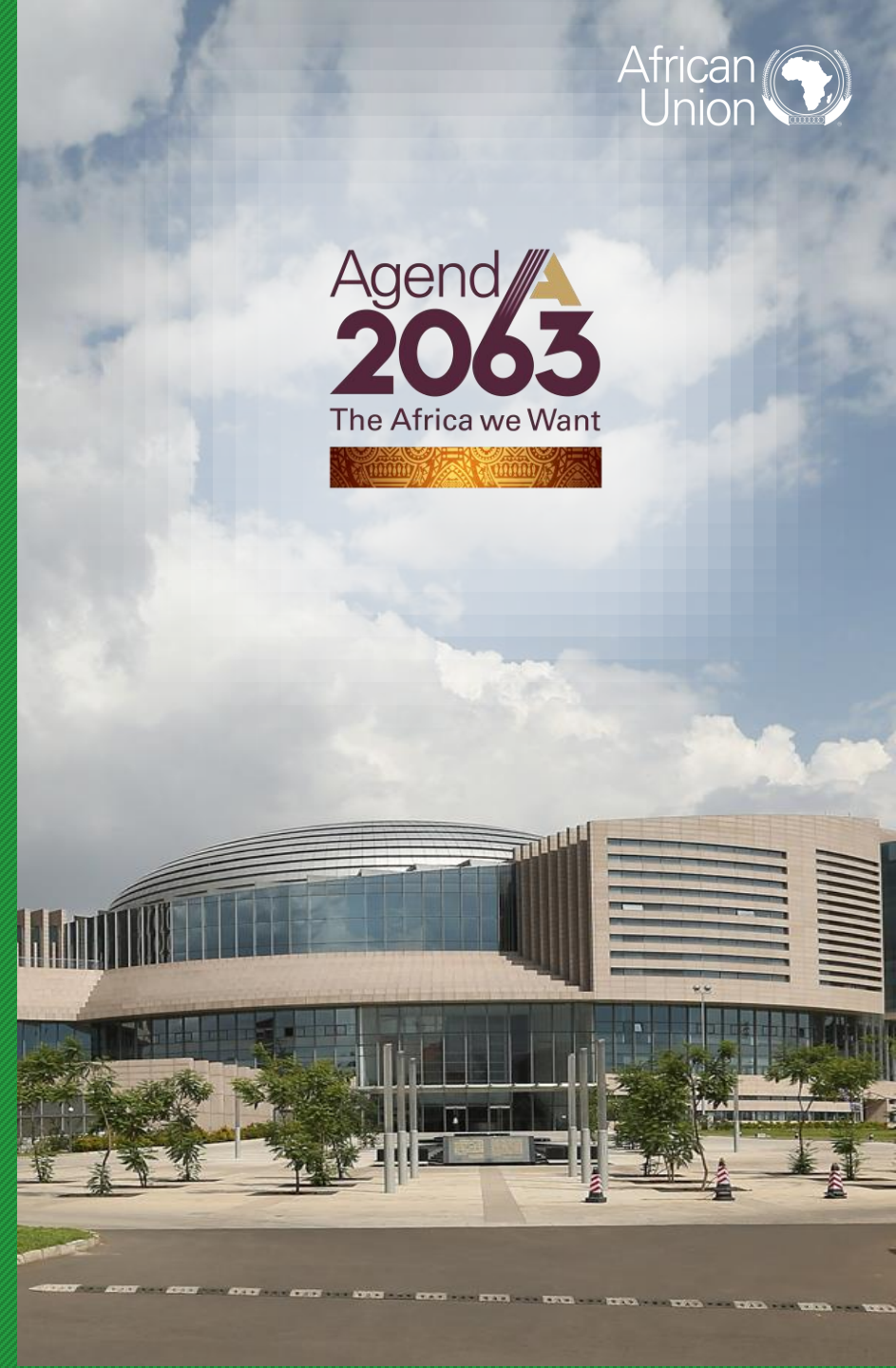


THE THIRD EDITION OF THE AFRICAN SCHOOL ON MIGRATION STATISTICS, IN TUNIS, TUNISIA

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What role can the AU play in mobilizing data in order to promote development in its Member States?

- The presentation will seek to address the following issues
- History
- The diaspora Agenda
- Structure
- Activities

- Africa as a continent has been blessed with the widest variety of diaspora, reflecting various eras of our history ranging from the over 200 million people of African descent living in the Americas, to the descendants of Africans enslaved towards the Mediterranean Sea during the Ottoman empire, who affirm their identity as Afro Turks and the Afro Indians who have their origins from East Africa
- The rich identity, culture, and heritage the diaspora exude in their philanthropic contributions, skills, and connections, depicts the beauty of the African diversity which must be harnessed in a proactive manner, towards the Continent's overall development
- The trends and data highlight the approximately 19.5 million African migrants living out of the African Continent based on the 2022 World Migration Report by the International Organization for Migration (IOM).
- These huge figures of Africa's global representation cannot be ignored and in order to build and institutionalize more effective collaboration with the African diaspora, this has been the journey of the AU in its endeavor to engage the African diaspora as developmental actors

Transition from the OAU to the AU

- Article 3(q) of the Protocol on Amendments to the Constitutive Act of the African Union (February 2003)
- Agenda 2063 **Aspiration 2:** An integrated continent, politically united based on the ideals of Pan Africanism and the vision of Africa's Renaissance—By 2063 Africa will have emerged as a united, strong, sovereign, independent and self-reliant continent that realizes full economic and political integration.
- **Aspiration 5:** An Africa with a strong cultural identity, common heritage, values and ethics—Africa, as the cradle of human civilization, is custodian of a cultural patrimony that has contributed enormously to human progress. African cultural identity, values and ethics as a critical factor in Africa's re-emergence on the global stage in the decade of the 2010s, will be promoted and strengthened by 2063.
- **Aspiration 7:** Africa as a strong, united, resilient and influential global player and partner—Africa will emerge as a strong, united, resilient and influential global player and partner with a bigger role in world affairs.
- MPFA- 2006
- **Migration Governance; Labour Migration and Education; Diaspora Engagement, Border Governance; Irregular Migration Forced Displacement; Internal Migration and Migration and Trade**

Mobilize, harness and streamline the activities of all segments of the African diaspora into the policies and programmes of the AU.

(2012: Global African Diaspora Summit Declaration)

Diaspora data is key to mainstreaming their activities into the effective programming, evidence – based policies and development initiatives of the African Union.

At the Seventh Session of the Executive Council in Sirte, Libya (28 June to 2 July 2005), the African Union adopted the formal definition of the African diaspora, stating that:

“The African Diaspora consists of peoples of African origin living outside the continent, irrespective of their citizenship and nationality and who are willing to contribute to the development of the continent and the building of the African Union”.

□ CIDO's Approach to the Global African Diaspora

- Americas and Caribbean

- Middle East, Asia and Oceania

- Europe

- Capacity Building of African Union Member States
- Establishing of Global diaspora networks
- Promoting of brain circulation
- Operationalization of the Diaspora Legacy Projects
- Diaspora 4 Development Initiatives

- The African Institute of Remittances in Nairobi
- The African Diaspora Investment Fund
- The African Global Diaspora Development Marketplace
- The African Professionals Skills Database
- The African Volunteer Corps

ADFC - Context for Enhancing Diaspora Investment in Africa

Type of African Diaspora	Type of Diaspora Memory	Period of Migratory Wave	Main Location Around the World
Primordial Diaspora	Genetic Memory	Circa 100,000 BCE	All of humankind across the world
Prehistoric Diaspora	Anthropological Memory	Circa 50,000 BCE	Australasia, Melanesia, Andaman Islands, etc.
Oriental Diaspora	Historical Memory	8 th to 18 th Century	Arabia, Levant, Indian Subcontinent, Far East
Atlantic Diaspora	Ancestral Memory	16 th to 19 th Century	Brazil, North America, Caribbean, Latin America
Post-War Diaspora	Parental & Natal Memory	1945 to 1990	Former European colonial countries, North America
Post-Cold War Diaspora	Natal & Parental Memory	1990 to Present	Western Europe, North America
Cosmopolitan Diaspora	National Memory	1970s to Present	African professional and expatriate families in major cities across the world

New Classification of the African Diaspora (Faal, 2006)

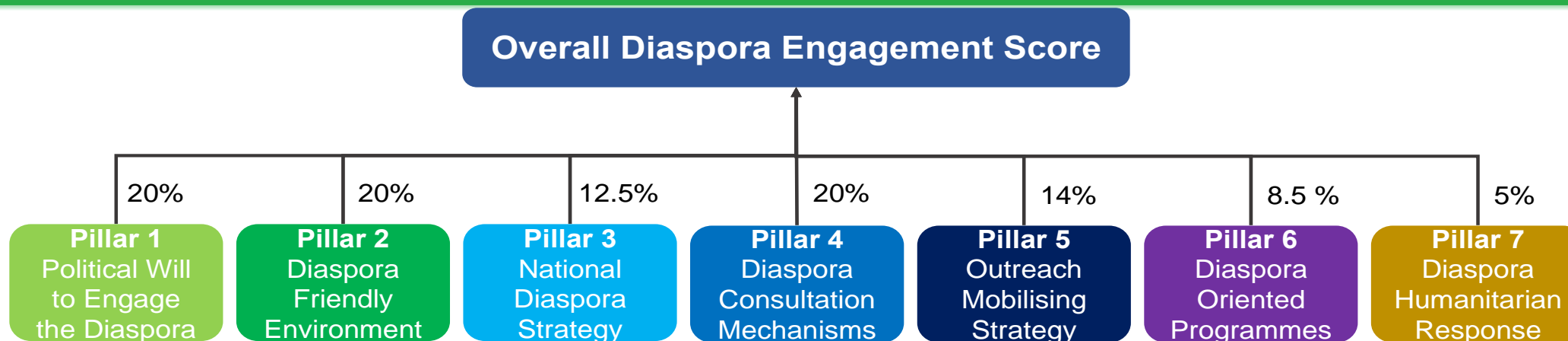
Main Strands of ADFC

- Innovative Finance through Remittance Match Funding (RMF)
- Structured Financial Products; Diaspora Bonds & Mutual Funds
- Impact Investment through African Institutional Partners
- Forward Investment in Continental Priority Sectors
- Profits Channelled to an Endowment Fund & Development Trust
- Social Enterprise Structure of mutuality and full re-investment

Approach: ADFC shall undertake its work through:

- Resource mobilisation from the global multigenerational African diaspora
- Resource mobilisation from development partners through innovative finance
- Operations undertaken on a continent-wide basis to foster African integration
- Investment in profitable, regulated and structured ventures and schemes
- Investment in intermediary continental and diaspora ventures and schemes
- Strategic and operational partnership with global financial and development institutions
- Research, technical cooperation, co-financing and other development projects and programmes.

The Diaspora Engagement Self – Assessment Tool (DESAT)



Pillar 1: Political Will		
1	Political commitment	40%
2	Focal point	20%
3	Capacity (technical)	15%
4	Capacity (financial)	15%
5	Cooperation	10%

Pillar 2: Diaspora Friendly Environment		
1	Rights	35%
2	Political representation	30%
3	Incentive framework	20%
4	Pre-departure services	5%
5	Diaspora support services	5%
6	Remittances	5%

Pillar 3: National Diaspora Strategy		
1	Strategy	20%
2	Effectiveness	50%
3	Consultation	20%
4	Linkages	10%

Pillar 4: Diaspora Consultation Mechanisms		
1	Formal channels (grassroots)	25%
2	Formal channels (high-level)	25%
3	Consultation	30%
4	Capacity building	20%

Pillar 5: Outreach Mobilising Strategy		
1	Data	20%
2	Collection capacity	20%
3	Visibility	30%
4	Published diaspora information	20%
5	Published investment information	5%
6	Cultural event support	5%

Pillar 6: Diaspora Orientated Programmes		
1	Diaspora investment initiatives	40%
2	Skills & knowledge transfer programmes	60%

Pillar 7: Humanitarian Response		
1	Coordination and Focal Point	40%
2	Mapping Stakeholders	40%
3	Capacity Building and Sharing of Knowledge	20%

A feasibility study (AU-EU)

Case Study Countries

GHANA

RWANDA

MOROCCO

GABON

SOUTH AFRICA

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- Twitter: @AUC_CIDO
- **Email:** cido@Africa-union.org

**STAY SAFE
STOP
COVID-19**



Thank you

Merci

Obrigado

شكرا جزيلًا